(PAGES: 2)

D6BMT2202

Reg. No.....

Name:

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025 (Regular/Improvement/Supplementary) MATHEMATICS GMAT6B11T: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Time: 2¹/₂ Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks. (Ceiling 25 marks)

- 1. State the residue theorem.
- 2. Evaluate $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz$ where $f(z) = \frac{z^2 9}{\cosh z}$ and $\gamma: |z| = 1$.
- 3. State the Casorati-Weierstrass Theorem.
- 4. Evaluate $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz$ where $f(z) = z^2 + \frac{1}{z-4}$ and $\gamma: |z| = 1$.
- 5. Describe $e^{\log z}$.
- 6. Determine the length of the circumference of the circle $\{re^{it}: 0 \le t \le 2\pi\}$.
- 7. Define integral of a function f(z) along a smooth curve γ .
- 8. State ML-inequality.
- 9. Define uniform convergence of a sequence of complex functions.
- 10. Expand sinh z and write hyperbolic sine function in terms of exponential function.
- 11. State Fundamental Theorem of Algebra.
- 12. Show that |zw| = |z| |w|.
- 13. Express $\frac{z+2}{z+1}$ in standard form where z = x + iy, with x, y in \mathbb{R} .
- 14. Let γ be a contour, let f be holomorphic in a domain containing $I(\gamma) \cup \gamma^*$, and let $a \in I(\gamma)$. What is the formula to evaluate $f^n(a)$.
- 15. Show that $\cos \frac{1}{z}$ has an essential singularity at 0.

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries *five* marks. (Ceiling 35 marks)

16. Expand as Laurent's series valid for 1 < |z| < 3 for the function $\frac{1}{(z-1)(z+3)}$.

- 17. Let γ^* be the top half of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, traversed in the positive (counter clockwise) direction. Determine $\int_{\gamma} \cos z \, dz$. (Apply Fundamental Theorem of Calculus).
- 18. Prove that, if $z, w \in \mathbb{C}$, then $|z + w|^2 + |z w|^2 = 2(|z|^2 + |w|^2)$.
- 19. Let γ_1, γ_2 be contours, with γ_2 lying wholly inside γ_1 , and suppose that f is holomorphic in a domain containing the region between γ_1 and γ_2 . Prove that

$$\int_{\gamma_1} f(z) \, dz = \int_{\gamma_2} f(z) \, dz.$$

- 20. Let f be continuous on an open set D and $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz = 0$ for every contour contained in D, prove that f is holomorphic in D.
- 21. Show that cos(iz) = cosh z and sin(iz) = i sinh z.
- 22. Evaluate $\int_{\gamma} 1/(z^4 + 1) dz$, where γ is the semicircle $[-R, R] U \{z : |z| = R, Imz > 0\}$, traversed in the positive direction, with R > 1.
- 23. For each $n \ge 1$, let f_n be a complex function with domain *S*, and suppose that there exist positive numbers M_n $(n \ge 1)$ such that $||f_n|| \le M_n$. If $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} M_n$ is convergent, then prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ is uniformly convergent in *S*.

SECTION C: Answer any two questions. Each carries ten marks.

- 24. Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin mx}{a^2 + x^2} dx, \ a > 0, \ m > 0.$
- 25. State and prove the necessary condition for a complex function to be differentiable at a point *c*.
- 26. Define a rectifiable curve. Show that the curve $C = \{(t, r(t)): t \in [0,1]\}$ where $r(t) = \begin{cases} t \sin(1/t) & \text{if } t \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } t = 0 \end{cases}$ is not rectifiable.
- 27. Let $c \in \mathbb{C}$ and suppose that the function f is holomorphic in some neighborhood N(c, R) of c. Prove that, within N(c, R), $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (z-a)^n$, where, for $n = 0, 1, 2, ..., a_n = \frac{f^{(n)}(c)}{n!}$.

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)