

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

HONOURS IN MATHEMATICS

GMAH6E06T: FUZZY MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A: Answer *all* the following questions. Each carries *one* mark.**Choose the Correct Answer.**

- For any fuzzy set A and pair $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in [0,1]$ such that $\alpha_1 < \alpha_2$, then _____.
 (a) $\alpha_1 A \cup \alpha_2 A = \alpha_2 A$ (b) $\alpha_1 A \cup \alpha_2 A = \alpha_1 A$
 (c) $\alpha_1^+ A \cup \alpha_2^+ A = \alpha_2^+ A$ (d) $\alpha_1 A \cap \alpha_2 A = \alpha_1 A$
- The scalar cardinality of the fuzzy set $A: \{1,2,3,4,5\} \rightarrow [0,1]$,
 $A = \{(1,0.2), (2,0.3), (3,0), (4,1), (5,0)\}$ is _____.
 (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 1.3 (d) 1.5
- Let $c: [0,1] \rightarrow [0,1]$ is a fuzzy complement, then $c(1) =$ _____.
 (a) 1 (b) 0.5 (c) 0 (d) 0.1
- Let $+$ is the addition operation on closed interval, then $[2,5] + [1,3] =$ _____.
 (a) $[3,5]$ (b) $[1,8]$ (c) $[3,8]$ (d) $[2,3]$
- Let $-$ is the subtraction operation on closed interval, then $[-1,2] - [-3,4] =$ _____.
 (a) $[-3,2]$ (b) $[-1,8]$ (c) $[-3,8]$ (d) $[-5,5]$

Fill in the Blanks.

- In fuzzy mathematics, the degree of membership of an element is represented by a value between _____ and _____.
- The height of fuzzy set $D(x) = 1 - \frac{x}{10}$ for $x \in \{0,1,2, \dots, 10\} = X$ is _____.
- If u is t- conorm, then $u(0,0) =$ _____.
- Let $+$ is the addition operation on closed interval, then $[a, b] + [c, d] =$ _____.
- Let A, B, E and F are closed intervals. If $A \subseteq E$ and $B \subseteq F$, then $A + B \subseteq$ _____.

(10 x 1 = 10 marks)**(PTO)**

Part B: Answer any *eight* questions. Each carries *two* marks.

11. Check whether the following represent a fuzzy set or not, $B = \{(x, B(x)); x \in [0,4]\}$ where $B: [0,4] \rightarrow [0,1]$ defined by $B(x) = \frac{1+\cos \pi x}{2}$
12. How can we determine distance between two fuzzy sets?
13. Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be an arbitrary crisp function and $B \in \mathcal{F}(Y)$, then show that $\overline{f^{-1}(B)} = f^{-1}(\overline{B})$
14. Define an Archimedean t-norm.
15. Write a fuzzy set defined on the universal set $X = \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ where the membership function $\mu_A: X \rightarrow [0,1]$ is defined by $\mu_A(x) = x/5$.
16. Let “/” is the division operation on closed intervals. Then find $[4,10]/[1,2]$
17. Explain a level 2 fuzzy sets.
18. When can a t-norm i and t-conorm u be dual with respect to the fuzzy complement c ?
19. Let $\bar{w} = (0.1,0.1,0.4,0.4)$, then find the OWA operation $h_{\bar{w}}(0,0.5,0.2,0.1)$.
20. Determine whether the function is a fuzzy number

$$C: X \rightarrow [0,1], C(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 10 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(8 x 2 = 16 marks)

Part C: Answer any *six* questions. Each carries *four* marks.

21. The fuzzy set of middle-aged people on the interval $[0,80]$ is given by

$$A(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{when either } x \leq 20 \text{ or } x \geq 60 \\ \frac{x-20}{15}, & \text{when } 20 < x < 35 \\ 1, & \text{when } 35 \leq x \leq 45 \\ \frac{60-x}{15}, & \text{when } 45 < x < 60 \end{cases}$$

Find all the α –cuts of A for $\alpha \in [0,1]$

22. State and prove third decomposition theorem.
23. Find the fuzzy cardinality of the fuzzy set $D: X = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \rightarrow [0,1]$ given by $D = \{(1,0.1), (3,0.5), (5,0.7), (7,0.6), (9,1)\}$.
24. Define a level set of a fuzzy set and find the level set of the following fuzzy set on $X = \{10,20,30,40,50\}$ defined by $A = \{(10,0.1), (20,0), (30,0.9), (40,0.7), (50,0)\}$.
25. Let $A, B \in \mathcal{F}(X)$, then for all $\alpha \in [0,1]$ show that
 - (a) $A \subseteq B$ if and only if $\alpha^+ A \subseteq \alpha^+ B$
 - (b) $A = B$ if and only if $\alpha^+ A = \alpha^+ B$

26. Show that the function $f: [0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is given by $f(a) = -\ln a, a \in [0,1]$ and $f(0) = \infty$ is a decreasing generator and also find its pseudoinverse.
27. For all $a, b \in [0,1]$, prove that $\max(a, b) \leq u(a, b) \leq u_{\max}(a, b)$. Where $u_{\max}$ is the drastic union.
28. Define an Aggregation operation on n fuzzy sets.

(6 x 4 = 24

marks)

Part D: Answer any two questions. Each carries fifteen marks.

29. (a) Prove that every fuzzy complement has at most one equilibrium.
 (b) Assume that a given fuzzy complement c has an equilibrium e_c , then show that
- (i) $a \leq c(a)$ if and only if $a \leq e_c$
 (ii) $a \geq c(a)$ if and only if $a \geq e_c$
30. (a) Show that for any $a, b \in [0,1]$, $\langle i_{\min}(a, b), u_{\max}(a, b), c \rangle$ is a dual triple with respect to any fuzzy complement.
 (b) Given a t-conorm u and an involutive fuzzy complement c , then prove that the binary operation i on $[0,1]$ defined by $i(a, b) = c(u(c(a), c(b)))$ for all $a, b \in [0,1]$ is a t-norm such that $\langle i, u, c \rangle$ is a dual triple.
31. Let $* \in \{+, -, \cdot, /\}$ and let A, B denote continuous fuzzy numbers. Then, the fuzzy set $A * B$ defined by $(A * B)(z) = \sup_{z = x * y} \min(A(x), B(y))$ is a continuous fuzzy number.

(2 x 15 = 30 marks)