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**D6BMT2102** 

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Reg.No.....

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# SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024 (Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

### MATHEMATICS GMAT6B11T: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Time: 2 ½ Hours Maximum Marks: 80

# SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks. (Ceiling 25 Marks)

- 1. Calculate the modulus and principal argument of 1 i.
- 2. Show that, for every pair c, d of non-zero complex numbers

$$\arg\left(\frac{c}{d}\right) \equiv \arg c - \arg d \pmod{2\pi}.$$

- 3. Express  $\frac{3+7i}{2+5i}$  in standard form.
- 4. State Liouville's theorem.
- 5. When do you say that a complex function is differentiable at a point c. Write down the Cauchy-Riemann equations.
- 6. Let  $S \subset \mathbb{C}$ . Define closure, interior and boundary of the set S.
- 7. State Heine-Borel theorem.
- 8. Give the formula for finding the length of a curve  $C = \{r(t): t \in [a, b]\}$ .
- 9. Define  $\dot{y}(t)$ .
- 10. Evaluate  $\int_{\gamma} 1/z^2 dz$  where  $\gamma: (x-2)^2 + \frac{1}{4} (y-5)^2 = 1$ .
- 11. Evaluate  $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz$  where  $f(z) = \frac{\sin z}{(z^2-25)(z^2+9)}$  and  $\gamma: |z| = 1$ .
- 12. State Morera's theorem.
- 13. Sketch the region defined by  $|\leq|z|\leq|2,0\leq argz\leq\pi$
- 14. Define the term residue.
- 15. State the Casorati-Weierstrass Theorem.

### SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries five marks.

#### (Ceiling 35 Marks)

- 16. Show that  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $\phi$  are the only two subsets of  $\mathbb{C}$  that are both open and closed.
- 17. Let S be a closed bounded set, and let f, with domain containing S, be continuous and nonzero throughout S. Prove that  $\inf\{|f(z)|: x \in S\} > 0$ .
- 18. Let  $f(z) = \frac{z^3 4z + 1}{(z^2 + 5)(z^3 3)}$  and  $\gamma(t) = Re^{it}$ ,  $0 \le t \le \pi$ . Show that  $\left| \int_{\gamma} f(z) \, dz \right| \le \frac{\pi R(R^3 + 4R + 1)}{(R^2 + 5)(R^3 3)}.$

- 19. Let  $\gamma_1, \gamma_2 : [a, b] \to \mathbb{C}$  be piecewise smooth curves such that  $\gamma_1(a) = \gamma_2(a)$ ,  $\gamma_1(b) = \gamma_2(b)$ ,  $\gamma_1(t_1) \neq \gamma_2(t_2)$   $(t_1, t_2 \in (a, b))$ . If f is holomorphic throughout an open set containing  $\gamma_1^*, \gamma_2^*$  and the region between, prove that  $\int_{\gamma_1} f(z) dz = \int_{\gamma_2} f(z) dz$ .
- 20. Find the Maclaurin series expansion of log(1 + z).
- 21. Show that the coefficient of  $z^{-1}$  in the Laurent series of  $e^{\frac{1}{z}}e^{2z}$  is  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{2^n}{n!(n+1)!}$
- 22. Determine  $\int_{\gamma} 1/(z^2+1)^2 dz$ , where  $\gamma$  is the semicircle  $[-R, R] U\{z: |z| = R, Imz > 0\}$ , traversed in the positive direction, with R > 1.
- 23. Evaluate  $\int_{\kappa(0,2)} \frac{\sin \pi z}{(2z+1)^3} dz.$

#### SECTION C: Answer any two questions. Each carries ten marks.

- 24. Show that a power series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n (z-a)^n$  satisfies exactly one of the following three conditions:
  - (i) the series converges for all z;
  - (ii) the series converges only for z = a;
  - (iii) there exists a positive real number R such that the series converges for all z such that |z a| < R and diverges for all z such that |z a| > R.
- 25. Let  $\gamma: [a, b] \to \mathbb{C}$  be piecewise smooth. Let F be a complex function defined on an open set containing  $\gamma^*$ , and suppose that F'(z) exists and is continuous at each point of  $\gamma^*$ . Prove that  $\int_{\gamma} F'(z) dz = F(\gamma(b)) F(\gamma(a))$ .
- 26. Let  $\gamma$  be a contour, let f be holomorphic in a domain containing  $I(\gamma) \cup \gamma^*$ , and let  $a \in I(\gamma)$ . Prove that  $f'(a) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{f(z)}{(z-a)^2} dz$ .
- 27. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{a^2 + \cos^2 \theta} d\theta$ , a > 1.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$