D6BPH2001

Reg.No	
Name.	

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023 (Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

PHYSICS GPHY6B10T: THERMODYNAMICS

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks. (Ceiling 20 Marks)

- 1. What are extensive and intensive variables? Give examples.
- 2. Show that hydrostatic work is a path function.
- 3. Write how melting point of ice can be lowered.
- 4. Define heat capacity. Write down the expression for heat capacity.
- 5. Define the Quasi-static process.
- 6. Compare the slopes of adiabatic and isothermals.
- 7. Give the Kelvin-Planck statement of the Second Law.
- 8. Draw P-V diagram for Carnot cycle.
- 9. State Carnot's theorem.
- 10. At absolute zero, an isotherm and an adiabatic are identical. Justify
- 11. State the Principle of increase of entropy.
- 12. What is enthalpy?

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries *five* marks. (Ceiling 30 Marks)

- 13. Discuss work done in an adiabatic process.
- 14. Explain the idea of heat reservoir. Name the sink when an automobile is running.
- 15. Show that Cp-Cv = R.
- 16. Derive the equation of state of an ideal gas. Show how it differs for a real gas.
- 17. With the help of a schematic diagram, explain the working of a refrigerator.
- 18. A Carnot's engine operates between the temperatures 327°C and 177°C and receives an amount of 1000 calories of heat per cycle. Calculate its efficiency and the work done.
- 19. Derive two TdS equations

SECTION C: Answer any one question. Each carries ten marks.

- 20. Derive the expressions for change in entropy of a perfect gas during a thermodynamic process.
- 21. Discuss the four Thermodynamic Functions U, H, A and G. From these functions, develop the Maxwell's Thermodynamic Relations.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$