Reg. No.....

Name:

FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND MATHEMATICS (DOUBLE MAIN) GDMA5B09T: ALGEBRA

Time: 2 ¹/₂ Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks. (Ceiling 25 marks)

- 1. Find the subgroup of \mathbb{Z}_4 generated by 3.
- 2. Show that for any integer $k \neq 0$, gcd(ka, kb) = |k| gcd(a, b).
- 3. Find $\tau(12)$ and $\sigma(12)$.
- 4. Show that $(n\mathbb{Z}, +)$ is a group.
- 5. Give an example of an abelian group that is not cyclic.
- 6. Determine whether the binary operation * defined on \mathbb{Z} by letting a * b = ab gives a group structure.
- 7. Define even permutation. Give one example.
- 8. What is the order of the groups S_n and alternating group A_n .
- 9. Find the gcd of 42 and 72.
- 10. For any integers *a* and *b*, show that if a|b and $b \neq 0$ then $|a| \leq |b|$.
- 11. Define binary operation and give one example.
- 12. If $a \equiv b \mod(n)$, show that $a^k \equiv b^k \mod(n)$, for any positive integer k.
- 13. Show that if *a* and *b* are two integers, not both zero. Then *a* and *b* are relatively prime if and only if there exist integers *x* and *y* such that 1 = ax + by.
- 14. Prove that if a|c and b|c, with gcd(a, b) = 1, then ab|c.
- 15. Prove that if p is a prime and p|ab, then p|a or p|b.

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries *five* marks. (Ceiling 35 marks)

16. State division algorithm theorem. Show that the expression $\frac{a(a^2+2)}{3}$ is an integer for

all $a \ge 1$.

- 17. Find the remainder obtained upon dividing the sum 1! + 2! + 3! + ... + 99! + 100! by 12.
- 18. Solve the system of congruences:

 $7x + 3y \equiv 10 \pmod{16}, \ 2x + 5y \equiv 9 \pmod{16}, \ .$

- 19. Prove that if p is a prime, then $(p-1)! \equiv -1 \mod(p)$.
- 20. Let *G* be any group. Show that $H = \{x \in G | xg = gx \text{ for all } g \in G\}$ is a subgroup of *G*.
- 21. If *G* is a finite group of order *n*, then show that *G* is isomorphic to $(\mathbb{Z}_n, +_n)$.
- 22. Show by any example that every proper subgroup of a nonabelian group may be abelian.
- 23. Find all the subgroups of \mathbb{Z}_{18} and draw a subgroup diagram.

SECTION C: Answer any two questions. Each carries ten marks.

- 24. State and prove the Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic.
- 25. Let G be a group with identity e. Then
 - a) Show that if x * x = e for all $x \in G$ then G is abelian.
 - b) If $(a * b)^2 = a^2 * b^2$ for all $a, b \in G$, then G is abelian.
- 26. Show that every group is isomorphic to a group of permutations.
- 27. State and prove Chinese Reminder Theorem.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$