D5BHC2201	(PAGES: 4)	Reg. No
		Name:
	B. Com. HONOURS	TION, NOVEMBER 2024 S RIAL DECISION MAKING
Time: 3 hours		Maximum Marks: 80
Part A. Answer <i>all</i> the questions. Choose the correct answer: 1. Management accounting is an of		
A) Financial accounting.	B) Cost acco	ounting.
C) Cost and inflation accour	nting. D) Both A a	nd B.
2. When financial statements for a	number of years are re	eviewed and analysed, the
analysis is known as		
A) Vertical Analysis.	B) Internal	Analysis.
C) Horizontal Analysis.	D) None of	these.
3. Capital Gearing Ratio is one of th	ıe	
A) Liquidity Ratio.	B) Leverage	e Ratio.
C) Profitability Ratio.	D) None of	these.
4. When Fixed cost is deducted fro	m contribution, the ba	lance will be
A) Variable cost.	B) Profit.	
C) Total cost.	D) Sales.	
5.Sale of Long-term investment ind	icates	
A) Long term impact in inv	estment. B) Source	of funds.
C) Application funds.	D) Change	s in current income.
Fill in the Blanks: 6. Management accounting provide	es alternative choices f	or managerial
7. Comparison of financial variables		-
8. Debtors Turnover Ratio is also kn	-	
9. Issue of shares or debentures is a		
10 is a graphic represe		is.
	y	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
Part B. Answer any eight question	ıs. Each question car	
11. What is Intra firm analysis?		
12. What is comparative financial st	tatement?	
13. What is Angle of incidence?		(PTO)
6		(= 20)

14. Define Management Accounting.

- 15. List out Liquidity Ratios.
- 16. Calculate P/V ratio.

Contribution Rs. 80,000 Variable cost Rs. 1,20,000 Sales Rs. 2,00,000

- 17. What is Cash flow statement?
- 18. What do you mean by Application of funds?-
- 19. The quick ratio of a company is 1.5:1, if working capital is Rs. 10,000 calculate value of current liability.
- 20. State any two functions of management accounting.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

Part C. Answer any six questions. Each question carries four marks.

- 21. If Current ratio is 2.5:1, Liquid ratio is 1.5:1 and working capital is Rs. 60,000; Calculate a) Current assets
 - b) Current Liabilities
 - c) Liquid Assets
 - d) Inventory
- 22. A manufacturing company produced 10,000units during the month of July 2020. Direct materials cost Rs. 10,000, Direct labour amounted to Rs,1000 and variable overhead Rs. 2000. Fixed overhead for the current financial year were estimated at Rs. 24,000. The whole production was sold at Rs.2 per unit. Prepare a statement showing marginal cost and Profit or loss for the month and calculate break-even point.
- 23. Following are the extracts from the Balance sheet of ABC &Co Ltd as on 31st December 2021 and 2022.Compute Fund from operations:

Particulars	2021 (Rs.)	2022 (Rs.)
Profit and Loss appropriation account	45,000	60,000
General reserve	30,000	37,500
Goodwill	15,000	7,500
Preliminary expenses	9,000	6,000
Provision for depreciation on machinery	15,000	18,000

24. From the following balances calculate cash from operating activities:

31-12-2022 (Rs.)	31-12-2023 (Rs.)
60,000	50,000
25,000	23,000
32,000	28,000
3,500	4,500
35,000	22,000
8,000	9,000
80,000 90,000	
	60,000 25,000 32,000 3,500 35,000 8,000

25. From the following information, Prepare a comparative income statement:

	2020 (Rs.)	2021 (Rs.)
Sales	6,00,000	5,00,000
Cost of goods sold	4,00,000	3,00,000
Administrative, selling and distribution expenses		
Other income	1,20,000	90,000
Income tax	40,000	30,000
	70,000	80,000

- 26. Explain the Limitations of Management accounting.
- 27. What is financial analysis? Explain various tools used for financial analysis.
- 28. How does a cash flow statement differ from a fund flow statement?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

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Part D. Answer any two questions. Each carries fifteen marks.

29. The following are the ratios relating to the activities of National Traders Limited:

Stock Velocity 6 months
Creditors Velocity 2 months
Debtors Velocity 3 months
Gross Profit Ratio 25%

Gross Profit for the year ended 31st Dec,2020 amount to Rs.4,00, 000.Closing stock of the year is Rs. 10,000 above the opening stock. Bills receivable amount to Rs. 25,000 and bills payable to Rs. 10,000.

Find out

a) Sales b) Purchases c) Sundry Creditors d) Sundry Debtors e) Closing Stock.

(PTO)

30. The following are the comparative balance sheet of XYZ Ltd. as on 31st December 2020:

Liabilities	2020	2021	Assets	2020	2021
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Share capital	3,50,000	3,70,000	Land	1,00,000	1,50,000
9% Debentures	60,000	30,000	Stock	2,46,000	2,13,500
Profit and Loss A/c	50400	52800	Goodwill	50,000	25,000
Creditors	51600	59,200	Cash and Bank	42,000	35,000
			Temporary investment	3,000	4,000
			Debtors	71,000	84,500
	5,12,000	5,12,000		5,12,000	5,12,000

Additional information:

- a) Dividends declared and paid during the year Rs. 17,500.
- b) Land was revalued during the year to Rs. 1,50,000 and profit on revaluation transferred to profit and loss account.

You are required to prepare a Cash Flow Statement for the ended 31-12-2021.

31. Define Marginal costing. Explain the technique of marginal costing and state its importance in decision making.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$