

FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022
(Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

MATHEMATICS
GMAT5B09T: LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries 2 marks.
(Ceiling 20 Marks)

- Write the general statement of a canonical maximization LPP.
- Define a convex set in \mathbf{R}^n . Give an example.
- Write the canonical slack maximization problem represented by the following tableau

x_1	x_2	-1	
-2	-5	-4	= $-t_1$
1	1	7	= $-t_2$
1	-1	4	= $-t_3$
-36		0	= f

- Pivot on the element 4 for the following tableau.

x_1	x_2	-1	
1	2	3	= $-t_1$
5	4	6	= $-t_2$
6	-1	7	= f

- When we can say that a canonical slack minimization tableau is basic feasible?
- State duality theorem.
- Write the matrix form of a canonical maximization LPP.
- Write the dual of the following maximization LPP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & f(x, y, z) = 2x - 3y + 5z \\ \text{subject to} \quad & x + y + z \leq 5 \\ & 5x - 2y \geq 6 \\ & 2x + 3y - 4z \geq -1 \\ & x, y, z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- Explain the term "complementary slackness".

(PTO)

10. Construct the Tucker tableau for the following noncanonical LPP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} \quad & g(x, y, z) = x + 2y + 3z \\ \text{subject to} \quad & x + y + z \geq 1 \\ & 2y + z = 1 \\ & x + z \geq 1 \\ & x, z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

11. Define a basic feasible solution of a balanced transportation problem.

12. Define a cycle in a transportation tableau. Give an example.

**SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries 5 marks.
(Ceiling 30 Marks)**

13. Solve the following LPP by graphical method.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & f(x, y) = x + y \\ \text{subject to} \quad & x - y \leq 3 \\ & 2x + y \leq 12 \\ & 0 \leq x \leq 4 \\ & 0 \leq y \leq 6 \end{aligned}$$

14. Solve the following canonical maximization LPP

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & f(x, y, z) = x + y + z \\ \text{subject to} \quad & 2x + y + 2z \leq 2 \\ & 4x + 2y + z \leq 2 \\ & x, y, z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

15. Reduce the following maximum tableau to a maximum basic feasible tableau.

x_1	x_2	-1	
-1	-2	-3	= $-t_1$
1	1	3	= $-t_2$
1	1	2	= $-t_3$
-2	4	0	= f

16. Solve the following noncanonical LPP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} \quad & g(x, y, z) = 3x + y + 2z \\ \text{subject to} \quad & x + 2y + 3z \geq 24 \\ & 2x + 4y + 3z = 36 \\ & y, z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

17. State and prove duality equation.

18. Apply Vogel's Advanced start method to the following transportation problem.

7	2	4	10
10	5	9	20
7	3	5	30
20	10	30	

19. Solve the following five persons -five jobs assignment problem where P_i 's denote persons and J_j 's denote jobs.

	J_1	J_2	J_3	J_4	J_5
P_1	8	4	2	6	1
P_2	0	9	5	5	4
P_3	3	8	9	2	6
P_4	4	3	1	0	3
P_5	9	5	8	9	5

SECTION C: Answer any one question. Each carries 10 marks.

20. Solve the following minimization linear programming problem.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & f(x, y, z) = 3x - y + z \\ \text{subject to } & 4x - y \leq 8 \\ & 8x + y + 3z \geq 12 \\ & 5x - 6z \geq 13 \\ & x, y, z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

21. Solve the following balanced transportation problem.

	D_1	D_2	D_3	Supply
O_1	50	30	220	1
O_2	90	45	170	4
O_3	250	200	50	4
Required	4	2	3	9

(1 × 10 = 10 Marks)