

D4BMT2301

Reg. No.....

Name: .....

**FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025****(Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)****MATHEMATICS****GMAT4B04T: MULTIVARIABLE AND VECTOR CALCULUS II****Time: 2 ½ Hours****Maximum Marks: 80****SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks.****(Ceiling 25 marks)**

1. If  $z = f(x, y)$ , where  $x = u - v$  and  $y = v - u$ , show that  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = 0$ .
2. Find gradient of  $f = xyz$ .
3. Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y) = e^x \cos 2y$  at  $(0, \pi/4)$  in the direction of  $v = 2i + 3j$ .
4. Find the equation of the normal line to the curve  $x^2 - y^2 = 16$  at  $(5, 3)$ .
5. Find the critical points of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + 3y^2 - 6xy - 2x + 4y$ .
6. Evaluate  $\int_0^2 \int_{-1}^2 (2x + 3xy^2) dx dy$ .
7. How will you find the volume of a solid region using triple integrals?
8. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 \int_1^2 x^2 yz dz dy dx$ .
9. Find the divergence of  $\vec{F} = xy^2\hat{i} + yz^2\hat{j} + zx^2\hat{k}$ .
10. State Green's theorem for plane regions.
11. Find the curl of  $e^{-x} \cos y \hat{i} + e^{-x} \sin y \hat{j} + \ln(z) \hat{k}$ .
12. State fundamental Theorem for line integrals.
13. Find the Jacobian  $J(u, v)$  of the transformation  $u = x + 2y$  and  $v = x - y$ .
14. Find the equation of the tangent plane to the curve  $z = 9x^2 + 4y^2$  at  $(-1, 2, 25)$ .
15. Write the parametric equations of a sphere.

**SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries *five* marks****(Ceiling 35 marks)**

16. Find a vector giving the direction in which the function  $f$  decreases most rapidly.

What is the maximum rate of decrease, where  $f(x, y) = \tan^{-1}(2x + y)$ ,  $P(0, 0)$ .

**(PTO)**

17. Find and classify the relative extrema and saddle points of  $f(x, y) = xy(3 - x - y)$ .

18. Find the maximum and minimum distance from the origin to the curve:

$$5x^2 + 6xy + 5y^2 - 10 = 0$$

19. Reverse the order and evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 \sin(x^2) dx dy$ .

20. Evaluate  $\iint_R (2x + 3y) dA$  where R is the region in the first quadrant bounded by the circles  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

21. Find the volume of the tetrahedron with vertices (0,0,0), (1,0,0), (0,3,0) and (0,0,2).

22. Find an equation of the tangent plane to the surface  $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = (u+v) \mathbf{i} + (u-v) \mathbf{j} + v^2 \mathbf{k}$ , at (2,0,1).

23. Evaluate  $\int_C xy dx - xy^2 dy$ , where C is the quarter circle from (0,-1) to (1,0) centered at the origin.

**SECTION C: Answer any two questions. Each carries ten marks.**

24. Find the surface area of the part of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 8$  that lies inside the cone  $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ .

25. Find the centroid of a homogeneous solid hemisphere of radius a.

26. Let  $\vec{F} = 2xy^2z^3 \hat{i} + 2x^2yz^3 \hat{j} + 3x^2y^2z^2 \hat{k}$ . Show that  $\vec{F}$  is conservative, and find the potential function  $f$  such that  $\vec{F} = \nabla f$ . Also find the Work done by  $\vec{F}$  in moving a particle along any path from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1).

27. Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate  $\iint_S \text{Curl } \vec{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$  given  $\vec{F} = 2y\hat{i} + xz^2\hat{j} + x^2ye^z\hat{k}$  and S is the hemisphere  $z = \sqrt{4 - x^2 - y^2}$  oriented with normal pointing outward.

**(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)**