Reg.	No
TAT	

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

(Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

PSYCHOLOGY

GPSY3C06T: PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND PARAMETRIC TESTS

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries *two* marks. (Ceiling 20 Marks)

- 1. Define sampling.
- 2. What is random number table?
- 3. What do you mean by convenience sampling?
- 4. Comment on word stratum.
- 5. What is p value?
- 6. Define best critical region for $\alpha = 2\%$.
- 7. What is the level of significance?
- 8. Define large sample test.
- 9. What are the assumptions for large sample test?
- 10. Comment on the term proportion in testing.
- 11. What is the test statistics for equality of proportion for two series of data?
- 12. Define the test for correlation.

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries *five* marks. (Ceiling 30 Marks)

- 13. Discuss the differences between SRSWR and SRSWOR.
- 14. Heights of 1000 students are found to be normally distributed with mean 66 inches and SD 5 inches. Find the number of students with heights,
 - i.) between 65 and 70 inches
 - ii.) more than 72 inches
- 15. If X follows B(8, p), and 4 P(X = 5) = P(X = 3). Find P?
- 16. Differentiate random and non random sampling.
- 17. Elaborate on two types of errors in testing.
- 18. Differentiate between critical and best critical region.
- 19. Write an account on paired and unpaired t tests.

SECTION C: Answer any one question. Each carries ten marks.

- 20. Define normal distribution. What is the importance of normal distribution? Discuss the properties of normal distribution
- 21. Two random samples from two normal populations are given below. Test whether the variances of the populations differ significantly with a significance level 0.05.

Sample I: 20 16 26 27 23 22 8 24 25 19

Sample II: 17 23 32 25 22 24 28 16 31 33 20 27

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$