

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

(Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

ECONOMICS & MATHEMATICS (DOUBLE MAIN)

GDMT3B03T: MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS

Time: 2 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries two marks.

(Ceiling 25 Marks)

1. Determine where the function is continuous $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{y-x^2}$.
2. Find f_x if $f(x, y, z) = x^2y + y^2z + xz$.
3. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^3 + xy + y^2 = 4$.
4. Define Directional Derivative of a function of two variables $f(x, y)$.
5. What are the steps for finding absolute extremum values of f on a closed bounded set D .
6. State Lagrange's theorem.
7. Define gradient of a function of three variables.
8. Evaluate the iterated integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} x dx dy$.
9. Sketch the region of integration associated with the interval $\int_0^\pi \int_1^4 f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta$.
10. Evaluate the iterated integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} x dz dy dx$.
11. Find the Jacobian of the transformation T defined by the equations
 $x = 2u + v$, $y = u^2 - v$.
12. Find the gradient vector field of $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + xy + y^2z^3$.
13. A vector field \mathbf{F} in R^2 is defined by $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = -xi - yj$. Describe \mathbf{F} and sketch a few vectors representing the vector field.
14. Find the curl of $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = xi + yj$.
15. Determine whether the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = (y^2 \cos x)\mathbf{i} + (2y \sin x + 3)\mathbf{j}$ is conservative.

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries five marks.

(Ceiling 35 Marks)

16. Let $w = 2x^2y$, where $x = u^2 + y^2$ and $y = u^2 - v^2$. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial u}$ and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$.
17. Find the domain and range of the function $f(x, y) = \sqrt{4 - x^2 - y^2}$.

(PTO)

18. Let $f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$. Find the level curve of f passing through the point $(5, 3)$. Also find the gradient of f at that point, and make a sketch of both the level curve and the gradient vector.
19. Use a double integral to find the area enclosed by one loop of the three leaved rose $r = \sin 3\theta$.
20. Evaluate $\iiint_B (x^2y + yz^2)dV$ where $B = \{(x, y, z) | -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 3, 1 \leq z \leq 2\}$
21. Let T be the transformation defined by the equations $x = u + v$ $y = u$. Find the image of the rectangular region $S = \{(u, v) | 0 \leq u \leq 2, 0 \leq v \leq 1\}$ under the transformation T .
22. Find the centroid of a homogeneous solid hemisphere of radius a .
23. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = (2xy^2 + 2y) \mathbf{i} + (2x^2y + 2x) \mathbf{j}$
- Show that \mathbf{F} is conservative and find a potential function f such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$.
 - Use the above result to evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where C is any path from $A(-1, 1)$ to $B(1, 2)$.

SECTION C: Answer any two questions. Each carries ten marks.

24. For the following functions, compute $\Delta z, dz$ and compare the values of Δz and dz
- $z = 2x^2 + 3y^2$, and suppose that (x, y) changes from $(2, -1)$ to $(2.01, -0.98)$
 - $z = x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2$, and suppose that (x, y) from $(2, 1)$ to $(1.97, 1.02)$
25. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x, y, z) = 3x + 2y + 4z$ subject to the constraints $x - y + 2z = 1$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.
26. Evaluate $\iint_R (2x - y)dA$, where R is the region bounded by the parabola $x = y^2$ and the straight line $x - y = 2$.
27. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = -\frac{1}{8}(x - y)\mathbf{i} - \frac{1}{8}(x + y)\mathbf{j}$ be a force field. Find the work done on a particle that moves along the quarter-circle of radius 1 centred at the origin:
- in a counter clockwise direction from $(1, 0)$ to $(0, 1)$.
 - in a clockwise direction from $(0, 1)$ to $(1, 0)$.

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)