

SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023

(Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

MATHEMATICS: COMPLEMENTARY COURSE FOR PHYSICS, CHEMISTRY & CS

GMAT2C02T: MATHEMATICS -2

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

SECTION A: Answer the following questions. Each carries two marks.

(Ceiling 20 Marks)

- Use the definition of $\sinh x$ and $\cosh x$ to show that $\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$
- Find the polar equation of the circle $x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 9$
- Find the Cartesian equation of the polar equation of $r = \frac{4}{2\cos\theta - \sin\theta}$
- Find the directrix of the parabola $r = \frac{25}{(10 + 10\cos\theta)}$
- Sketch the graph of the curve $r = 4\cos\theta$
- If $z_1 = 4 + 3i$, $z_2 = 2 - 5i$ then find $z_1 z_2$ and $\frac{z_2}{z_1}$
- Find the value of $Re f$ and $Im f$ of $f = \frac{z-2}{z+2}$
- Check for analyticity using Cauchy Riemann equations for $f(z) = e^x(\cos y + i\sin y)$
- Evaluate $\int_{-i}^i \frac{dz}{z}$
- Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{dz}{z^2+1}$, where C is $|z+i|=1$
- State Liouville's and Morera's theorem
- Find the first order partial derivatives of $f(x, y) = e^{xy} \sin(xy)$

SECTION B: Answer the following questions. Each carries five marks.

(Ceiling 30 Marks)

- Find all polar coordinates of the point $P\left(2, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$.
- Graph the curve $r^2 = 4\cos\theta$.
- Determine whether the function $u = x^2 - y^2 - y$ is harmonic or not. If harmonic find a conjugate harmonic function v of u .
- Integrate $\frac{e^{-z}\sin z}{z^2}$ counterclockwise around the unit circle.
- Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{z^3-6}{2z-i} dz$ around the circle $C: |z|=2$.
- Find $\frac{dw}{dt}$ at the point $t=0$ if $w = xy + z$, $x = \cos t$, $y = \sin t$, $z = 6t^2$.
- Show that the function $f(x, y) = \frac{2x^2y}{x^4+y^2}$ has no limit as (x, y) approaches $(0, 0)$.

SECTION C: Answer any one question. Each carries ten marks.

- Evaluate $\int_C \frac{z^4-3z^2+6}{(z+i)^3} dz$, where C is the curve a) $|z|=2$ b) $|z-4i|=1$.
- a) Find the area enclosed by the cardioid $r = 2(1 + \cos\theta)$
b) Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial u}$ and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$ if $w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, $x = e^v \sin u$, $y = ue^v \cos u$, $z = ue^v$

(1 × 10 = 10 Marks)