

**FIRST SEMESTER FYUGP EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2024****MAJOR  
AMA1CJ101 CALCULUS 1**

Time : 2 Hrs

Maximum Marks : 70

BL - Bloom's Taxonomy Level (1 to 6)

CO - Course Outcome

Section A		Ceiling Marks : 24		
Answer all questions. Each carries 3 marks.				
No.	Question	M	BL	CO
1.	State Fermat's Theorem.	3	1	CO1
2.	Find critical numbers, if any, of the function $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$ .	3	5	CO1
3.	The function $f$ defined by $f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 2$ . Apply differentiation to find the intervals in which is increasing and the intervals in which $f$ is decreasing.	3	4	CO1
4.	Show that the function $f(x) = x - \cos x$ is always increasing.	3	5	CO1
5.	Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{x-1}$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1}$ . Find the vertical asymptote of the graph of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$ .	3	5	CO1
6.	Use Riemann sums to define the area under the graph of a continuous nonnegative function defined on an interval $[a,b]$ .	3	4	CO2
7.	Evaluate	3	5	
a	$\int 2x \, dx$ .	1	5	CO2
b	$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \, dx$ .	1	5	CO2
c	$\int e^{2x} \, dx$ .	1	5	CO2
8.	Find the area between the curves $y = x$ , $y = 0$ , $x = -1$ , $x = 1$ .	3	3	CO3
9.	Find the area between the curves $x = y^2$ , $x = 0$ , $y = 2$ , $y = 3$ .	3	5	CO2 CO4
10.	Calculate the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region under the graph of $y = \sqrt{2x}$ on $[1, 2]$ about the $x$ - axis.	3	5	CO3 CO4
Section B		Ceiling Marks : 36		
Answer all questions. Each question carries 6 marks.				
No.	Question	M	BL	CO
11.	State and prove Mean Value Theorem.	6	3	CO1
12.	Find the extreme values of the function $f(x) = 2\cos x - x$ on $[0, 2\pi]$	6	2	CO1
13.	Find the relative extrema of $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x - 10$ using the second derivative test.	6	2	CO1
14.	Determine the intervals where the graph of $f(x) = \sin 2x$ , is concave upward and where it is concave downward. Also find all inflection points of the function.	6	5	CO1

15.	Apply Mean Value Theorem to show that if $F$ is an antiderivative of $f$ on an interval $I$ , then every antiderivative of $f$ on $I$ has the form $G(x) = F(x) + C$ , where $C$ is a constant.	6	3	CO1 CO2
16.	If $y = \int_0^{x^3} \cos t^2 dt$ , then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .	6	2	CO2
17.	Answer the following:	6	5	
a	If $f$ is an even continuous function on $[-a, a]$ , then prove that $\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx$	3	5	CO2
b	If $f$ is an odd continuous function on $[-a, a]$ , then prove that $\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0$	3	5	CO2
18.	Make a rough sketch and find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of the curves $y = \sqrt{x}$ , $y = x^2$ .	6	4	CO2 CO4

**Section c**

Answer any 1 question. Each carries 10 marks. (1x10=10 marks)

No.	Question	M	BL	CO
19.	Let $f(x) = (x - 2)^4 + 1$ . Find critical numbers, inflection points, extreme points and draw the graph of the function.	10	2	CO1
20.	The graph of $x = y^2$ on $[0, 1]$ is revolved about the $y$ -Axis	10	3	
a	Find the volume of the solid generated.	5	3	CO3 CO4
b	Find the area of the curved surface generated.	5	3	CO3 CO4

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