(3 Pages)

Name..... Reg.No.....

SECOND SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023 (Regular/Improvement/Supplementary)

CHEMISTRY FCHE2C07: REACTION MECHANISM IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Weightage: 30

Section A: Short answer questions. Answer any *eight* questions. Each carries 1 weightage.

1. Identify **A** and **B** and predict the mechanism.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} & \mathsf{CH}_3 & | \\ | & | \\ \mathsf{H}_3\mathsf{C} & -\mathsf{C} & -\mathsf{C} \\ | & \mathsf{H} \\ \mathsf{CH}_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{OH}} \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} \\ \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{B} \\ \mathsf{heat} \end{array}$$

- 2. Write the reaction mechanism that involves $S_E 2$ pathway by citing a suitable example.
- 3. Explain ion-pair mechanism of nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reaction.
- 4. Identify the product and write the mechanism.



5. Identify the compound having longest life-time. Justify your answer.



- 6. Write the reactions that involve the formation of classical and non-classical carbocation intermediate.
- 7. Give two examples of the reaction involving carbene intermediate.

- 8. Write a brief note on the composition of enolate formed under kinetic and thermodynamic control.
- 9. Explain Hoffmann-Loeffler-Freytag reactions.
- 10. Rationalize that the Barton reaction is an example of a remote functionalisation.
- 11. Illustrate how α -diazocarbonyl compound can be used to generate carboxylic acid derivatives.
- 12. The isomeric α -halo ketones, PhCHCl-CO-Me and PhCH₂-CO-CH₂Cl, both give the same carboxylic acid upon reaction with aq. hydroxide ion. Illustrate how the product is formed.

$(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

Section B: Short essay questions. Answer any *four* questions. Each carries 3 weightage.

- 13. Enatiomerically pure (S)-2-bromopropanoic acid reacts with conc. NaOH to give (R)-lactic acid, whereas, Ag_2O and at low conc. of NaOH fetches through retention. Explain the reason.
- 14. Illustrate how could *cis* and *trans*-alkenes be prepared from the same β -hydroxysilane.
- 15. How are singlet and triplet nitrenes generated in a reaction? How do they differ in: i) structure and ii) energy?
- 16. Illustrate by citing a suitable example, what type of reaction intermediate is involved and how does this intermediate is formed during following reactions.i) Aldol condensation; (ii) Claisen condensation and iii) Reformatsky reaction.
- 17. Explain the major factors that affect the stability of carbon free radicals.
- 18. Discuss McMurry Reaction.
- 19. What is pinacolone rearrangement? Write a synthetic application.

$(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Section C: Essay questions. Answer any two questions. Each carries 5 weightage.

- 20. Discuss the factors that control the orientation and stereochemistry of C=C bond formation in E2 elimination by considering the size and nature of nucleophile and leaving group as well as structure of the substrate.
- 21. Write notes on the following organic reactions.
 - i) Baeyer Villiger reaction
 - ii) Dakin's reaction
 - iii) Wittig rearrangement
 - iv) Steven's rearrangement
 - v) Neber Reaction

22. Write the mechanism of the following conversions.



- 23. How will you affect the following conversions? Illustrate with mechanism.
 - i)



iv)

