

SECOND SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021  
(Improvement/Supplementary)

MATHEMATICS

FMTH2C09: ODE & CALCULAS OF VARIATIONS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weightage: 30

Part A: Answer all questions. Each carries 1 weightage.

1. Classify and locate the singular points on the  $x$  axis of the differential equation  $x(3x + 1)y'' - (x + 1)y' + 2y = 0$ .
2. Determine the nature of the point at  $x = \infty$  for the differential equation  $x^2y'' + xy' + (x^2 - p^2)y = 0$
3. Show that  $P_n(-x) = (-1)^n P_n(x)$ , where  $P_n(x)$  denote the  $n^{th}$  Legendre polynomial.
4. Find the Bessel series of the function  $f(x) = 1$ .
5. Show that the zeros of the functions  $a \sin x + b \cos x$  and  $c \sin x + d \cos x$  are distinct and occur alternately whenever  $ad - bc \neq 0$ .
6. Explain the different types of critical points of an autonomous system.
7. Define isoperimetric problem.
8. For what points  $(x_0, y_0)$  does Picard's theorem imply that the initial value problem  $y' = y|y|$ ,  $y(x_0) = y_0$  has a unique solution on some interval  $|x - x_0| \leq h$ ?

(8 × 1 = 8 Weightage).

Part B: Answer any two questions from each unit. Each carries 2 weightage.

Unit I

9. Obtain the power series solution of the equation  $(1 - x^2)y'' - xy' + p^2y = 0$ , where  $p$  is a constant.
10. Find the general solution of Gauss's Hypergeometric equation near its singular point  $x = 0$ .
11. Derive the Rodrigue's formula for Legendre polynomials.

## Unit II

12. If  $W(t)$  is the Wronskian of the two solutions of the homogeneous system

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = a_1(t)x + b_1(t)y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = a_2(t)x + b_2(t)y \end{cases}$$

then show that  $W(t)$  is either identically zero or nowhere zero on  $[a, b]$ .

13. Determine the nature and stability properties of the critical point  $(0, 0)$  for the system:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 4x - 2y, \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 5x + 2y. \end{cases}$$

14. Find the general solution of the following system:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = -4x - y, \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = x - 2y. \end{cases}$$

## Unit III

15. Every nontrivial solution of  $y'' + (\sin^2 x + 1)y = 0$  has an infinite number of positive zeros. Formulate and prove a theorem that includes this statement as a special case.
16. Obtain Euler's differential equation for an extremal.
17. Check whether  $f(x, y) = xy^2$  satisfies a Lipschitz condition on any rectangle  $a \leq x \leq b$  and  $c \leq y \leq d$ .

**(6 × 2 = 12 Weightage).**

**Part C: Answer any two questions. Each carries 5 weightage.**

18. a) Solve the ordinary differential equation  $(1 + x)y' = py$  with the condition  $y(0) = 1$ .  
b) State and prove the orthogonality property of Legendre polynomials.
19. Find Frobenius series solution of the equation  $xy'' - y' + 4x^3y = 0$ .
20. Find the general solution of Bessel's equation  $x^2y'' + xy' + (x^2 - p^2)y = 0$ , when  $p$  is not an integer.
21. Explain the Picard's method of successive approximations to solve second order linear differential equation. Solve the following initial value problem by Picard's method:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dy}{dx} = z, & y(0) = 1, \\ \frac{dz}{dx} = -y, & z(0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

**(2 × 5 = 10 Weightage).**